Hitachi Metals Financial Results for Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2021

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- 3. Financial Condition
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- 5. Operating Forecast for FY2021

April 26, 2021

Materials Mag!c

- •Economic and social activities in various regions of the world were severely restricted due to the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak.
- By region, China saw a higher year-on-year economic growth rate in 3Q and maintained positive growth for 2020. The U.S. and some other regions showed signs of economic recovery.

Overview by market

[Automobiles] Demand decreased in FY2020 as a result of the suspension of

operations due to the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak in 1Q,

but has continued to recover since 2Q.

[Aircraft] Demand for aircraft-related materials decreased due to travel

restrictions.

[FA / robots] Production of FA/robots has continued to recover since 2Q.

[Semiconductors / smartphones] Demand for use in telecommunications such as 5G-

related use and server equipment remained firm.

Demand for semiconductors for automotive use grew

sharply in and after 3Q, resulting in a shortage of

semiconductors in several areas.

[Medical devices] Demand was brisk for equipment needed to respond to the COVID-19

outbreak.

1-2. Overview of FY2020 (2)



- •Both revenues and profit decreased year on year mainly as a result of diminished demand due to the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak.
- •The operating forecast for FY2020 was revised on January 28 following a greater-than-expected recovery of demand beginning in 3Q.
- •Demand continued to recover in 4Q, exceeding expectations, with both revenues and adjusted operating income improving from forecast figures announced on January 28.
- Overview by business field

[Automobiles] Although year-on-year sales decreased, inventories of molds and tool steel returned

to appropriate levels by the year-end due to a recovery in demand beginning in 2Q.

Recovery continued in industrial equipment, automotive casting products, magnetic materials and applications, and automotive electronic components. However, a small

degree of impact of the semiconductor shortage remains in North America.

[Aircraft] Sales of aircraft-related materials decreased due to a decline in demand for aircraft

materials.

[FA / robots] Demand continued to recover beginning in 2Q for electronic wires and in 3Q for

magnetic materials and applications.

[Semiconductors / smartphones] Sales related to telecommunications such as 5G-related facilities and

server equipment remained strong. Sales of clad metals for smartphones and batteries increased. The current situation is

favorable, as demand for semiconductor package materials began to

recover in 4Q.

[Medical devices] Sales of ceramic scintillators for CT devices were strong and those of probe cables

for medical devices remained solid, while sales of tubes for catheters decreased.

1-3. Measures Implemented in FY2020



	 Withdrawal from unprofitable products Specialty Steel: Functional Components and Equipment: Consolidation and abolition of bases 	Brass products, etc. (completed in March 2021) Aluminum wheels (completed in September 2020)
Business structure reforms	Specialty Steel:	Consolidation and relocation of distribution warehouses and processing plants for molds and tool steel in the Eastern Japan district (launched in October 2020)
	Functional Components and Equipment:	Closure and sale of Waupaca's Lawrenceville plant in Pennsylvania (completed in February 2021) Integration of heat-resistant exhaust casting components business to a subsidiary (completed in April 2021)

Cost reduction Curtailment of expenses

- Yield improvement through *Monozukuri* Innovation Project and inventory optimization
- Reduction of materials cost and expenses led by corporate-wide functions

Optimization of human resource expenses

Optimization of human power composition (rationalization of temporary staff, promotion of early retirement, etc.)

1-4. Operating Results



¥ billions	FY2019 (A) Actual		FY2020 Forecast (Announced on January 28, 2021)		FY2020 (B) Actual		Differences Year-on-Year
(Italic letters indicate profit margin.)	US\$1 = ¥109 €1 = ¥121 1 yuan = ¥15.6		US\$1 = ¥105 €1 = ¥120 1 yuan = ¥15.0		US\$1 = ¥106 €1 = ¥124 1 yuan = ¥15.7		(B/A-1)*100[%] or B-A
Revenues		881.4		750.0		761.6	-14%
Adjusted operating income*	1.6%	14.4	-1.3%	-10.0	-0.7%	-5.0	-19.4
IFRS operating income	-4.4%	-39.1	-	-	-6.5%	-49.2	-10.1
Income before income taxes		-40.6		-57.0		-50.6	-10.0
Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company		-37.6		-46.0		-42.3	-4.7

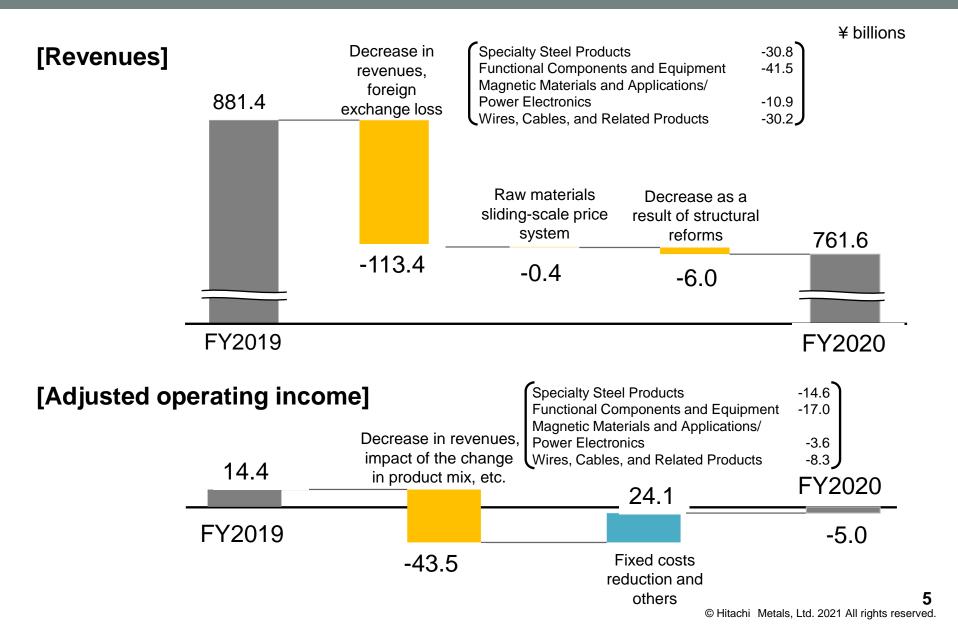
^{*} Adjusted operating income = Revenues - Sales cost - Selling, general, & administrative expenses

Sales by region

	¥ billions		Japan	North America	China	Other Asian countries	Europe	Other
	FY2019	Revenues	405.4	245.3	63.4	102.8	44.5	20.0
	F Y2019	Sales ratio	46%	28%	7%	12%	5%	2%
	FY2020	Revenues	342.8	207.1	72.3	88.6	35.4	15.4
		Sales ratio	45%	27%	9%	12%	5%	2%
		Revenues year-on-year	-15%	-16%	+14%	-14%	-20%	-23%

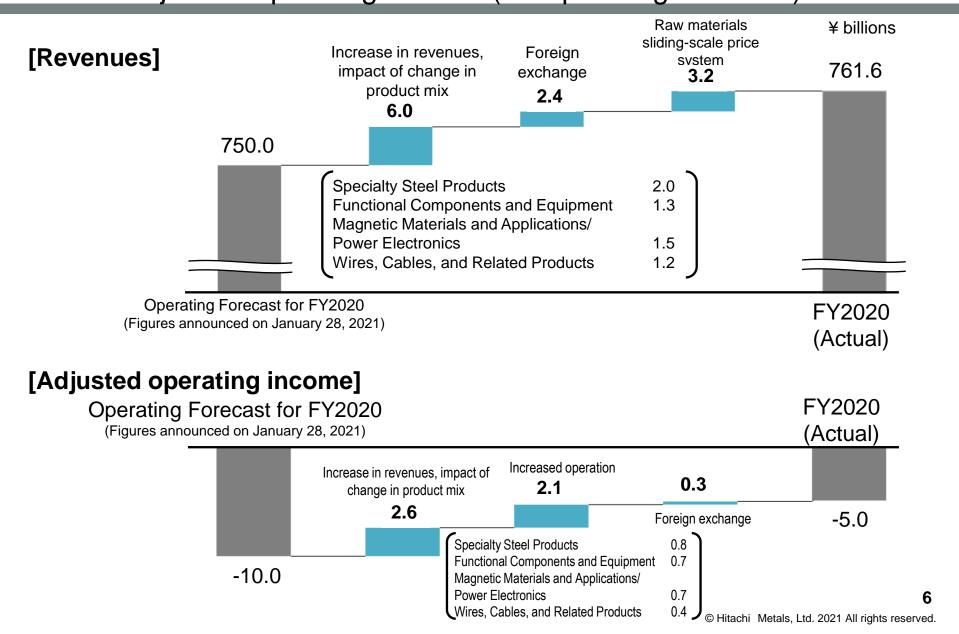
1-5. Factors Behind Increase/Decrease in Revenues and Adjusted Operating Income (Year-on-Year)





1-6. Factors Behind Increase/Decrease in Revenues and Adjusted Operating Income (vs Operating Forecast)





1-7. Structure of net income

(between adjusted operating income and net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company)



	FY2019	FY2020	Difference
Adjusted operating income	14.4	-5.0	-19.4
Other income and expenses	-53.5	-44.2	+9.3
Financial income and expenses, Share of (losses) profits of investments accounted for using the equity method	-1.5	-1.4	+0.1
Income before income tax	-40.6	-50.6	-10.0
Income taxes, Non-controlling interests	3.0	8.3	+5.3
Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company	-37.6	-42.3	-4.7

Major items of other income and expenses in FY2020

 Proceeds from corporate reorganization, etc. Transfer of shares of Mitsubishi Hitachi Tool Disposal of Waupaca's Lawrenceville plant in 	Engineering, Ltd.	¥2.0 billion ¥1.5 billion
 Impairment losses (Magnetic Materials and Applications / Powe (Specialty Steel Products) (Functional Components and Equipment) (Wires, Cables, and Related Products) Early retirement expenses 	r Electronics) Magnet business Aircraft- and energy-related business Certain plants of Waupaca in U.S. Automotive components business	-¥15.7 billion -¥12.1 billion -¥5.5 billion -¥2.0 billion ¥4.4 billion



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2-1. Operating Results by Segment



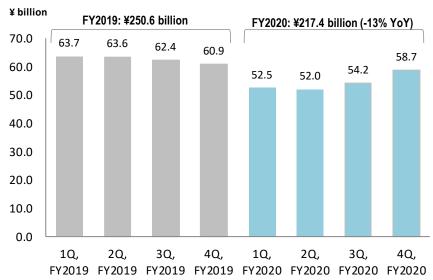
¥ billions (Italic letters indicate profit margin.)				FY2019 Actual		FY2020 Forecasts (Announced on January 28, 2021)		FY2020 Actual	
		Revenues		250.6		214.0		217.4	-13%
	Specialty Steel	Adjusted operating income	2.2%	5.5	-1.2%	-2.5	0.4%	0.8	-4.7
S	Products	IFRS operating income	3.0%	7.6	_	_	-5.5%	-12.0	-19.6
Advanced Metals	Functional	Revenues		299.7		244.0		247.9	-17%
ed	Components and	Adjusted operating income	-0.3%	-0.9	-4.9%	-12.0	-5.2%	-12.8	-11.9
/anc	Equipment	IFRS operating income	-3.1%	-9.2	_	_	-7.7%	-19.1	-9.9
Ad		Revenues		550.3		458.0		465.3	-15%
	Subtotal *	Adjusted operating income	0.8%	4.6	-3.2%	-14.5	-2.6%	-12.0	-16.6
		IFRS operating income	-0.3%	-1.6	_	_	-6.7%	-31.1	-29.5
<u>∽</u> Magnetic Ma	Magnetic Materials and	Revenues		116.8		104.0		106.1	-9%
Materials	Applications /	Adjusted operating income	1.2%	1.4	1.0%	1.0	2.4%	2.5	+1.1
	Power Electronics	IFRS operating income	-36.6%	-42.8	_	_	-13.3%	-14.1	+28.7
ts &		Revenues		213.3		187.0		189.2	-11%
nen	Wires, Cables, and Related Products	Adjusted operating income	3.1%	6.7	1.9%	3.5	2.4%	4.6	-2.1
odw	Related Froducts	IFRS operating income	2.5%	5.3	-	_	1.0%	1.8	-3.5
ပိ		Revenues		330.1		291.0		295.3	-11%
ncec	Subtotal *	Adjusted operating income	2.5%	8.1	1.5%	4.5	2.4%	7.1	-1.0
Advanced Components &	2.12.12.12.	IFRS operating income	-11.4%	-37.5	_	_	-4.2%	-12.3	+25.2
		Revenues		1.0		1.0		1.0	_
	Others/Adjustments	Adjusted operating income		1.7		0.0		-0.1	-1.8
_		IFRS operating income		0.0		_		-5.8	-5.8
		Revenues		881.4		750.0		761.6	-14%
	Total	Adjusted operating income	1.6%	14.4	-1.3%	-10.0	-0.7%	-5.0	-19.4
		IFRS operating income	-4.4%	-39.1	_	_	-6.5%	-49.2	-10.1

^{*} Simple sum before eliminating intersegment revenues

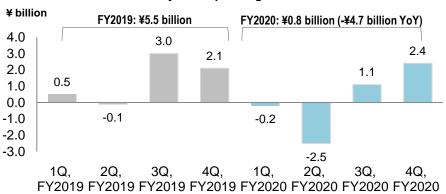
2-2. Operating Results by Segment: Specialty Steel Products (1)







Adjusted operating income



[Revenues]

(Year-on-Year)

Molds and tool steel

Decreased due to a decline in both domestic (Japanese) and international demand. Inventory including distribution stock was optimized by yearend and demand showed signs of recovery beginning in 4Q.

Industrial equipment materials

Decreased year on year. Automotive-related demand began to recover in 2Q, reaching a similar level as in the previous year in 4Q.

- Aircraft- and energy-related materials
 Decreased as demand for aircraft-related materials declined mainly in the private sector.
- Electronic materials

Increased year on year due to increased sales of organic EL panel-related components and clad metals for smartphones and batteries, in addition to a recovery of demand for semiconductor package materials in 4Q.

Rolls

Demand decreased for rolls, injection molding machine parts and steel-frame joints for construction.

[Adjusted operating income/loss]

Decreased due to a decline in demand for mainstay molds and tool steel and industrial equipment.

[IFRS operating income]

Decreased due to impairment losses recorded for the aircraft- and energy-related business.

2-3. Operating Results by Segment: Specialty Steel Products (2)



	FY2019		FY2		FY2020	Differences	
¥ billions	Full-year	1Q (Apr – Jun)	2Q (Jul – Sep)	3Q (Oct – Dec)	4Q (Jan – Mar)	Full-year	Year-on-Year
Revenues	250.6	52.5	52.0	54.2	58.7	217.4	-13%
Specialty Steel*1	226.1	47.0	46.6	49.5	53.6	196.7	-13%
Rolls*1	24.6	5.5	5.4	4.7	5.1	20.7	-16%
Adjusted operating income	5.5	- 0.2	- 2.5	1.1	2.4	0.8	-4.7
Adjusted operating margin	2.2%	-0.4%	-4.8%	2.0%	4.1%	0.4%	-1.8pts.
IFRS operating income	7.6	1.5	- 10.1	0.6	- 4.0	- 12.0	-19.6

Change by product (year-on-year)	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full-year
Molds and tool steel ⁻²	-30%	-32%	-21%	-4%	-22%
Industrial equipment materials	-27%	-23%	-13%	+2%	-16%
Aircraft- and energy-related materials*2	-34%	-37%	-45%	-53%	-42%
Electronic materials*2	0%	-2%	+4%	+9%	+3%
Rolls ^{*3}	-10%	-12%	-27%	-14%	-16%

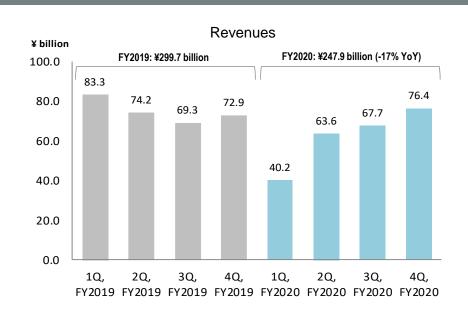
^{*1:} Simple sum before eliminating intersegment revenues

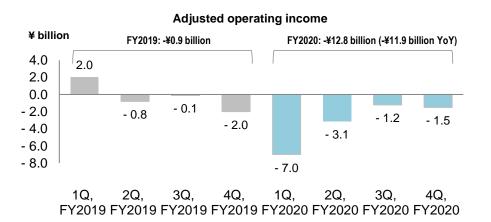
^{*2:} Indicates the change in revenues calculated by a simplified method

^{*3:} Indicates the change in the simple sum before eliminating intersegment revenues

2-4. Operating Results by Segment: Functional Components and Equipment (1)







[Revenues]

Automotive casting products

(Year-on-Year)

Cast iron products:

Significantly decreased in 1Q due in part to suspension of operations by major customers in various parts of the world. A recovery trend has subsequently continued due to a recovery in automobile sales and a resumption of operations in various regions. In 4Q, North America was affected by production adjustments implemented by finished vehicle manufacturers as a result of a supply shortage of semiconductors for automobiles.

Heat-resistant exhaust casting components: Decreased due to a significant drop in 1Q, despite trending above the previous year's level since 3Q.

Piping components

Pipe fittings:

Decreased due to a decrease in the number of housing starts in Japanese market and in large-scale construction projects.

Semiconductor manufacturing equipment: Increased on the back of a recovery of demand for capital investment.

[Adjusted operating income/loss]

Decreased due to a decrease in demand for mainstay automotive casting products business and inventory write-down of service parts.

[IFRS operating income]

Decreased due to impairment losses recorded for certain plants of Waupaca on top of an adjusted operating loss.

2-5. Operating Results by Segment: Functional Components and Equipment (2)



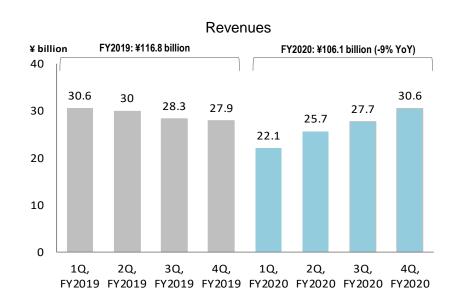
¥ billions	FY2019	10 (455 105)	FY20		40 (lon Mor)	FY2020	Differences
	Full-year	1Q (Apr – Jun)	2Q (Jul – Sep)	3Q (Oct – Dec)	4Q (Jan – Mar)	Full-year	Year-on-Year
Revenues	299.7	40.2	63.6	67.7	76.4	247.9	-17%
Automotive Casting Products*	253.8	30.4	53.5	56.4	65.5	205.8	-19%
Managa Farmahar Ing *	400.0	00.0	20.0	20.4	47.0	440.0	4.007
Waupaca Foundry, Inc.*	182.2	22.2	39.8	39.4	47.8	149.2	-18%
Piping Components*	45.9	9.8	10.1	11.3	10.9	42.1	-8%
Adjusted operating income	- 0.9	- 7.0	- 3.1	- 1.2	- 1.5	- 12.8	-11.9
Adjusted operating margin	-0.3%	-17.4%	-4.9%	-1.8%	-2.0%	-5.2%	-4.9pts.
	0.070				,		
IFRS operating income	- 9.2	- 7.3	- 4.1	- 2.0	- 5.7	- 19.1	-9.9

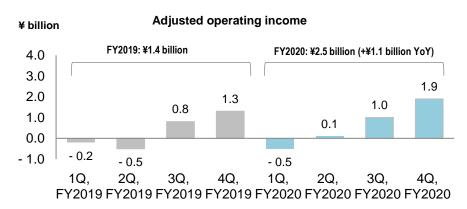
^{*} Simple sum before eliminating intersegment revenues

Change by product (year-on-year)	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full-year
Cast iron products [Waupaca] (weight)	-55%	-10%	+2%	+0%	-18%
Cast iron products [Others] (weight)	-57%	-20%	-10%	-2%	-23%
Heat-resistant exhaust casting components (HERCUNITE™) (weight)	-29%	-9%	+21%	+14%	+0%

2-6. Operating Results by Segment: Magnetic Materials and Applications / Power Electronics (1)







[Revenues]

(Year-on-Year)

Magnetic materials and applications

Rare earth magnets and ferrite magnets:

Demand plummeted, hitting a low in 1Q, but demand for automotive electronic components continued to recover after 2Q. Decreased on a year-on-year basis, despite a year-on-year increase in 4Q due to a shift to a recovery trend in demand for FA/robots and electronics-related demand in 3Q.

Power electronics materials

Soft magnetic materials and the applied products:

Decreased due to a decline in demand for
amorphous metals for transformers, despite
strong demand for servers for use in
telecommunications equipment.

Ceramic components:

Unchanged from the previous year due to a decline in demand for use in telecommunications equipment, despite an increase in demand for use in medical devices.

[Adjusted operating income]

Increased due to a rise in demand and a drop in depreciation expense

[IFRS operating income]

Impairment loss of ¥42.6 billion was recorded in FY2019

Impairment loss of ¥15.7 billion was recorded in FY2020

2-7. Operating Results by Segment: Magnetic Materials and Applications / Power Electronics (2)



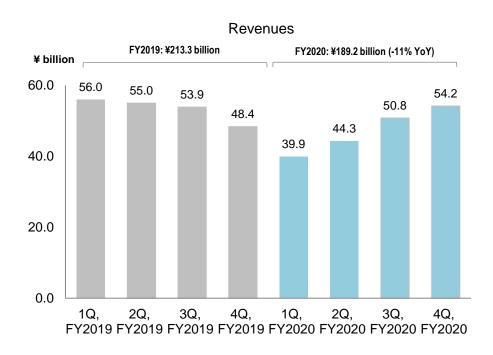
	FY2019		FY2	FY2020	Differences		
¥ billions	Full-year	1Q (Apr – Jun)	2Q (Jul – Sep)	3Q (Oct – Dec)	4Q (Jan – Mar)	Full-year	Year-on-Year
Revenues	116.8	22.1	25.7	27.7	30.6	106.1	-9%
Magnetic Materials and Applications*	79.6	13.6	17.0	18.8	20.9	70.3	-12%
Power Electronics*	37.1	8.5	8.7	9.0	9.6	35.8	-4%
Adjusted operating income	1.4	- 0.5	0.1	1.0	1.9	2.5	+1.1
Adjusted operating margin	1.2%	-2.3%	0.4%	3.6%	6.2%	2.4%	+1.2pts.
IFRS operating income	- 42.8	- 0.5	- 15.6	0.9	1.1	- 14.1	+28.7

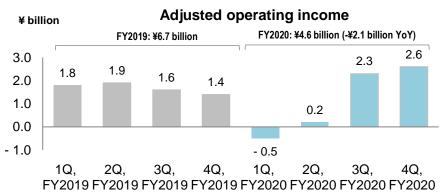
^{*} Simple sum before eliminating intersegment revenues

Change by product (year-on-year)	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full-year
Rare earth magnets (weight)	-36%	-21%	-2%	+3%	-15%
Ferrite magnets (weight)	-39%	-21%	+3%	+4%	-13%

2-8. Operating Results by Segment: Wires, Cables, and Related Products (1)







[Revenues]

(Year-on-Year)

Decreased due to a decline in demand mainly for automotive electronic components.

Electric wires and cables

Electrical wire for rolling stock:

Increased due to a rise in demand in the Chinese market, despite a decline in demand in Japan.

Medical devices:

Unchanged year-on-year for probe cables for medical devices but decreased for tubes for catheters.

Electronic wires:

Demand for FA/robots applications and 5G base stations increased.

Magnet wires:

Decreased, despite a recovery mainly for automotive applications in and after 3Q.

Automotive components

Decreased due to a significant drop in 1Q, despite a year-on-year increase in and after 3Q as demand recovered mainly for automotive electronic components following the recovery of the automobile market.

[Adjusted operating income/loss]

Decreased due to a decline in demand for both wires and cables and automotive components.

[IFRS operating income]

Decreased due to the recording of impairment loss of ¥2.0 billion for the automotive components business.

2-9. Operating Results by Segment: Wires, Cables, and Related Products (2)



V/ 1 110	FY2019		FY2020	Differences			
¥ billions	Full-year	1Q (Apr – Jun)	2Q (Jul – Sep)	3Q (Oct – Dec)	4Q (Jan – Mar)	Full-year	Year-on-Year
Revenues	213.3	39.9	44.3	50.8	54.2	189.2	-11%
Adjusted operating income	6.7	- 0.5	0.2	2.3	2.6	4.6	-2.1
Adjusted operating margin	3.1%	-1.3%	0.5%	4.5%	4.8%	2.4%	-0.7pt.
IFRS operating income	5.3	- 0.3	- 1.7	2.4	1.4	1.8	-3.5

	Change by product (year-on-year)	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full-year
	Rolling Stock*	-15%	+10%	+14%	+6%	+3%
areas	Medical devices*	+14%	-11%	-15%	-15%	-6%
	FA/robots*	+7%	+3%	+27%	+34%	+18%
Growth	Magnet wires*	-27%	-19%	+4%	+14%	-7%
	Electronic components*	-49%	-13%	+9%	+21%	-10%

^{*}Indicates the change in revenues calculated by a simplified method

Sales proportion of growth areas: FY2019: 40%

FY2020: 42%

3. Financial Condition



¥ billions	End of FY2019 US\$1 = ¥109 €1 = ¥120 1 yuan = ¥15.3	End of FY2020 US\$1 = ¥111 €1 = ¥130 1 yuan = ¥16.8	Differences
Total assets	977.8	972.2	-5.6
Trade receivables	157.7	167.6	+9.9
Inventories	179.9	170.1	-9.8
Fixed assets	499.3	444.9	-54.4
Total liabilities	454.9	480.1	+25.2
Interest-bearing debt	187.6	195.3	+7.7
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company	520.3	489.7	-30.6
Non-controlling interests	2.6	2.4	-0.2
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company ratio	53.2%	50.4%	-2.8pts.
D/E ratio (times)	0.36	0.40	+0.04
NET interest-bearing debt*	145.2	96.0	-49.2

^{*:}NET interest-bearing debt = Interest-bearing debt - Cash and cash equivalent

Inventories: Decreased as a result of continued inventory control in response to demand.

Fixed assets: Decreased due to the recording of impairment losses.

Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company: Retained earnings decreased due to the impact of net loss.

4. Consolidated Cash Flows



¥ billions	FY2019	FY2020	Year-on-Year
Cash flows from operating activities (Operating CF)	106.0	52.6	-53.4
Cash flows from investing activities (Investing CF)	- 56.5	2.2	+58.7
Free cash flows (FCF)	49.5	54.8	+5.3
Core free cash flows*	45.1	22.5	-22.6

^{*} Core free cash flows = Cash flows from operating activities - Capital expenditure

[Operating CF	Decreased by ¥53.4 billion due largely to a decline in profit.
[Investing CF]	+¥30.8 billion due to careful selection of fixed asset investment and +¥26.2
	billion of proceeds from sale of entities accounted for using the equity
	method.
[FCF]	Improved by ¥5.3 billion year on year as a result of applying stricter
	investment criteria and proceeds from sale of entities accounted for using the
	equity method.

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April 26, 2021

5-1. Results Forecasts for FY2021



Assumptions for the Results Forecast

- 1. Economic Growth and Demand Outlook
 - 2021 world real GDP growth rate of 6.0% (-3.3% in 2020)*1
 - 2021 world automobile production of 84.7 million units (+14% year-on-year)*2
- 2. Business Environment
 - A recovery in demand is expected in the automobile, electronics, and industrial infrastructure areas.
 - There are concerns over the additional impact of the semiconductor shortage on automotive production and the impact of the disruption of logistics such as a shortage of containers, though some of those are included in the forecast of FY2021.
 - While the impact of COVID-19 may be mitigated as the vaccination rollout expands, it is
 presently difficult to look into the future. Therefore, the forecast does not reflect the risk and
 impact of a suspension of operation at the Company and its customers due to a resurgence of
 infections.

We forecast revenues of ¥850.0 billion (+12% year on year), adjusted operating income of ¥34.0 billion (+¥39.0 billion year on year), and adjusted operating margin of 4% for FY2021.

^{*1} Source: IMF "World Economic Outlook," April 2021

5-2. Results Forecasts for FY2021



(1) Operating Forecast

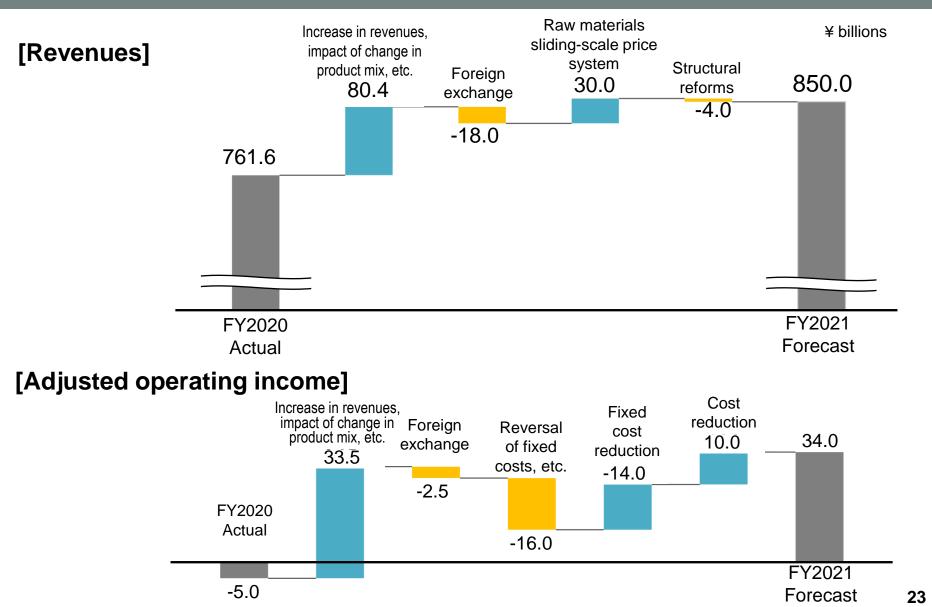
¥ billions (Italic letters indicate profit margin.)	Act ∪s\$1 : €1 =	2020 tual = ¥106 ¥124 = ¥15.7	FY2 Fore US\$1: €1 = 1 yuan	Cast = ¥100 ¥120	(Year-on-Year)
Revenues		761.6		850.0	+12%
Adjusted operating profit	-0.7%	-5.0	4.0%	34.0	+39.0
Income before income taxes		-50.6		17.0	+67.6
Income taxes		8.3		-5.0	-13.3
Net income attributable to shareh	nolders of	-42.3		12.0	54.3

(2) Dividend Forecast

FY	Interim	Year-end	Annual
2019	¥13	¥13	¥26
2020	¥0	¥0	¥0
2021 (Forecast)	_		_

5-3. Factors Behind Increase/Decrease





5-4. Operating Result Forecast by Segment



	¥ bil	lions	FY2	2020	FY2	2021	(Year-on-Year)
	(Italic letters indic	cate profit margin.)	Act	Actual		ecast	(Tear-Off-Tear)
	Charletty Ctaal	Revenues		217.4		245.0	+13%
Ø	Specialty Steel Products	Adjusted operating income	0.4%	8.0	5.5%	13.5	+12.7
stal		ROIC*2		0.2%		4.7%	+4.5pts.
Advanced Metals	Functional	Revenues		247.9		265.0	+7%
Sed	Components	Adjusted operating income	-5.2%	-12.8	1.5%	4.0	+16.8
ื่ ขับ	and Equipment	ROIC*2		_		1.3%	
δ		Revenues		465.3		510.0	+10%
	Subtotal *1	Adjusted operating income	-2.6%	-12.0	3.4%	17.5	+29.5
		ROIC ^{*2}		_		3.0%	_
∞ర	Magnetic Materials	Revenues		106.1		124.0	+17%
nts	and Applications /	Adjusted operating income	2.4%	2.5	7.3%	9.0	+6.5
ne	Power Electronics	ROIC ^{*2}		1.6%		6.2%	+4.6pts.
mpc als	Wires, Cables,	Revenues		189.2		217.0	+15%
d Compo Materials	and Related	Adjusted operating income	2.4%	4.6	3.5%	7.5	+2.9
o S S	Products	ROIC ^{*2}		3.7%		6.8%	+3.1pts.
Advanced Components & Materials		Revenues		295.3		341.0	+15%
d d	Subtotal *1	Adjusted operating income	2.4%	7.1	4.8%	16.5	+9.4
\forall		ROIC ^{*2}		2.6%		6.5%	+3.9pts.
Others/Adjustments		Revenues		1.0		- 1.0	_
		Adjusted operating income		- 0.1		0.0	0.1
		Revenues		761.6		850.0	+12%
	Total	Adjusted operating income	-0.7%	-5.0	4.0%	34.0	+39.0
		ROIC*3		_		3.9%	_

^{*1} Simple sum before eliminating intersegment revenues

^{*2} Rate of Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) by segment={Adjusted operating income * (1 - Tax rate of 30%) + (Equity in earnings of affiliates} / (Average of beginning and end-year working capital + Average of beginning and end-year fixed assets)

^{*3} Rate of Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) = {Adjusted operating income * (1 - Tax rate of 25%) + (Equity in earnings of affiliates} / (Average of beginning and end-year interest-bearing debts + Average of beginning and end-year equity)

5-5. CF, CCC, Capital Expenditure, R&D Costs



¥ billions	FY2020 Actual US\$1 = ¥106 €1 = ¥124 1 yuan = ¥15.7	FY2021 Forecast US\$1 = ¥100 €1 = ¥120 1 yuan = ¥15.5	Year-on-Year
Cash flows from operating activities (Operating CF)	52.6	38.0	- 14.6
Cash flows from investing activities (Investing CF)	2.2	- 29.0	- 31.2
Free cash flows (FCF)	54.8	9.0	- 45.8
Cash conversion cycle (CCC)	89.1days	85.8days	- 3.3days
Capital expenditure	28.8	40.0	11.2
Establishment of quality inspection IT system	0.2	3.0	2.8
R&D expenses	14.5	15.5	1.0

Major capital expenditure in FY2021:

- Establishment of low-cost processes for rare earth magnets
- Fast furnace for xEV magnet wires
- Increase of clad metal production capacity
- Establishment of quality inspection IT system

Major R&D in FY2021:

- DX-related themes
- •3D metal molding
- •Supporting monozukuri

Status Concerning Quality-related Inappropriate Conduct



Progress of recurrence prevention measures

- (1) Raising awareness and changing behavior to place greater emphasis on quality
 - Continue to send messages from the top executive.
 - Designate April as Quality Compliance Month and carry out internal awareness raising activities such as providing quality compliance education (April 2021) and displaying the company-wide quality action philosophy and Quality Compliance Month posters.
- (2) Establishing the Quality Compliance Committee, which includes outside experts as members, on April 1, 2021 and beginning additional verification of uncompleted areas as well as implementing measures to prevent recurrence and verifying the effectiveness of such measures
- (3) Promoting the establishment of an IT system to prevent alternation of inspection results by employees
 - Invest ¥10.0 billion by FY2024 (¥3.0 billion invested in FY2021)

Reference Data (1)



	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019 1Q (Apr –	FY2019	FY2019 3Q (Oct – Dec)	FY2019	FY2019	FY2020 1Q (Apr –	FY2020 2Q (Jul –	FY2020 3Q (Oct – Dec)	FY2020	FY2020 Actual	FY2021 Forecast
¥ billions	US\$1 = ¥108	US\$1 = ¥111	US\$1 = ¥111	US\$1 = ¥110	US\$1 = ¥107	US\$1 = ¥109	US\$1 = ¥109	US\$1 = ¥109	US\$1 = ¥108	US\$1 = ¥106	US\$1 = ¥105	US\$1 = ¥106	US\$1 = ¥106	US\$1 = ¥100
	€1 = ¥119 1 yuan = ¥16.1	€1 = ¥130 1 yuan = ¥16.8	€1 = ¥128 1 yuan = ¥16.5	€1 = ¥123 1 yuan = ¥16.1	€1 = ¥119 1 yuan = ¥15.3	€1 = ¥120 1 yuan = ¥15.5	€1 = ¥120 1 yuan = ¥15.6	€1 = ¥121 1 yuan = ¥15.6	€1 = ¥118 1 yuan = ¥15.2	€1 = ¥124 1 yuan = ¥15.4	€1 = ¥125 1 yuan = ¥15.8	€1 = ¥128 1 yuan = ¥16.4	€1 = ¥124 1 yuan = ¥15.7	€1 = ¥120 1 yuan = ¥15.5
Revenues	910.5	988.3	1,023.4	234.0	222.9	214.1	210.4	881.4	154.8	186.0	200.6	220.2	761.6	850.0
Adjusted operating income*1	66.0	65.1	51.4	5.5	0.4	5.9	2.6	14.4	-7.3	-5.1	3.8	3.6	-5.0	34.0
Adjusted operating	7.2%	6.6%	5.0%	2.4%	0.2%	2.8%	1.2%	1.6%	-4.7%	-2.7%	1.9%	1.6%	-0.7%	4.0%
margin ratio	1.270			2.4%	0.2%		1.270		-4.7 70	-2.7 70				4.0%
Other income	14.1	5.4	10.7	0.9	0.9	8.0	6.0	8.6	3.1	1.2		4.1	9.7	-
Other expenses	- 11.8	- 24.2	-19.7	-1.2	-44.1	-3.8	-13.0	-62.1	-2.2	-28.3	-4.5	-19.0	-54.0	-
IFRS operating income	68.3	46.3	42.4	5.2	-42.8	2.9	-4.4	-39.1	-6.4	-32.2	0.7	-11.3	-49.2	-
EBIT	68.5	48.9	45.3	5.1	-42.6	3.5	-4.4	-38.4	-6.7	-32.1	0.5	-10.9	-49.2	18.5
EBITDA	111.5	95.0	96.2	19.1	-28.4	17.0	9.1	16.8	6.6	-18.9	12.4	1.1	1.2	64.5
(Quarterly) Income before income taxes	66.0	47.0	43.0	4.5	-43.2	3.0	-4.9	-40.6	-7.1	-32.4	0.1	-11.2	-50.6	17.0
(Quarterly) Net income														
attributable to shareholders	50.6	42.2	31.4	3.2	-44.2	2.1	1.3	-37.6	-3.3	-29.9	-0.5	-8.6	-42.3	12.0
of the parent company														
Capital expenditure	63.8	91.8	95.4	11.6	13.6	14.6	13.2	53.0	7.2	7.4	5.2	9.0	28.8	40.0
Depreciation	43.0	46.1	50.9	13.9	14.2	13.5	13.6	55.2	13.3	13.2	11.9	12.0	50.4	46.0
R&D expenses	18.0	17.7	18.6	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.7	15.9	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.7	14.5	15.5
Trade receivables	175.6	207.6	195.3	196.7	188.6	183.5	157.7	157.7	141.1	157.5	163.9	167.6	167.6	-
Inventories	153.6	190.2	214.8	211.1	192.6	192.9	179.9	179.9	183.5	167.1	169.1	170.1	170.1	-
Interest-bearing debt	194.5	160.8	202.1	239.0	227.0	228.1	187.6	187.6	215.1	212.6	181.4	195.3	195.3	163.3
Free cash flows	53.5	- 36.0	- 29.7	- 12.2	16.3	5.3	40.1	49.5	4.9	1.7	12.0	36.2	54.8	9.0
ROIC*2	7.0%	5.8%	5.3%	-	-	-	-	1.7%	-	-	-	-	-	3.9%
ROE [™]	9.8%	7.7%	5.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5%
ROA*⁴	4.9%	4.0%	2.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3%
CCC*5 (days)	71.1	82.7	90.7	-	-	-	-	87.1	-	-	-	-	89.1	85.8
D/E ratio (times)	0.36	0.29	0.34	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.36	0.36	0.42	0.44	0.38	0.40	0.40	0.34
Overseas sales ratio	56%	56%	56%	55%	54%	53%	54%	54%	49%	57%	56%	57%	55%	54%
Employees	28,754	30,390	30,304	30,354	30,201	30,016	29,805	29,805	29,542	29,025	28,730	28,620	28,620	27,750
(Quarterly) Basic net	440.00	20.70	70.07	7 -0	100.15			22.25	7.04	,		00.04	00.00	
income per share (yen)	118.32	98.72	73.37	7.58	-103.45	4.81	3.01	-88.05	-7.81	-69.86	-1.19	-20.04	-98.90	28.07
Dividend per share (yen)	26.0	26.0	34.0	-	13.0	-	13.0	26.0	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	_
Earning per share attributable to	4.054.5	4.040.4	4.075.0	4.045.0	4 000 0	40440	4 0 4 0 5	4.040.0	4 405 :	4 4 4 0 0	4 447 0	4 4 4 5 5	4 4 4 5 5	4 440 4
shareholders of the parent	1,254.9	1,316.1	1,375.2	1,345.9	1,238.3	1,244.0	1,216.9	1,216.9	1,195.1	1,119.9	1,117.6	1,145.3	1,145.3	1,112.4
company (yen)														

^{*1} Adjusted operating income = Revenues - Sales cost - Selling, general, & administrative expenses

^{*2} Rate of Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) [until FY2017] = Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company / (Average of beginning and end-year interest-bearing debts + Average of beginning and end-year equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company)

Rate of Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) [from FY2018] = {Adjusted operating income * (1 - Tax rate of 25%) + (Equity in earnings of affiliates} / (Average of beginning and end-year equity)

^{*3} Return on equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company (ROE) = Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company / Average of beginning and end-year equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company *100

^{*4} Return on total assets (ROA) = Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company / Average of beginning and end-year total assets *100

⁵ Cash Conversion Cycle (CCC) = Working capital (Trade receivables + Inventories - Debts) / Daily average revenues

Reference Data (2)



Major	Major products' volume trends (weigh												•	aking the
	Decident		FY2	018	value of 1Q FY2019 as 100 FY2020			U	FY2021					
	Product	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q - 4Q (forecasts)
	Molds and tool steel	126	124	109	109	100	103	101	84	66	67	68	86	92
Specialty Steel	CVT belt materials	101	107	113	101	100	88	96	105	66	85	83	87	104
Products	Piston ring materials	112	107	110	105	100	87	101	94	44	46	111	114	99
	Organic EL-related components and materials	105	92	91	83	100	129	185	131	180	179	245	154	250
Functional	Cast iron products [Waupaca Foundry, Inc.]	106	100	95	102	100	90	77	87	45	82	79	88	78
Components and	Cast iron products [Other]	99	95	103	95	100	92	94	87	43	73	85	85	94
Equipment	Heat-resistant exhaust casting components HERCUNITE™	160	140	131	114	100	123	117	120	71	110	141	137	128
Magnetic Materials and	Rare earth magnets	110	110	103	96	100	95	90	86	64	75	88	89	94
Applications /	Ferrite magnets	115	112	108	105	100	98	98	101	61	77	101	105	94
Power Electronics	Amorphous metals Metglas _®	115	100	96	104	100	84	78	63	51	63	76	78	86
Wires, Cables, and Related Products	Electronic components*	102	111	115	99	100	97	94	83	51	84	103	101	98

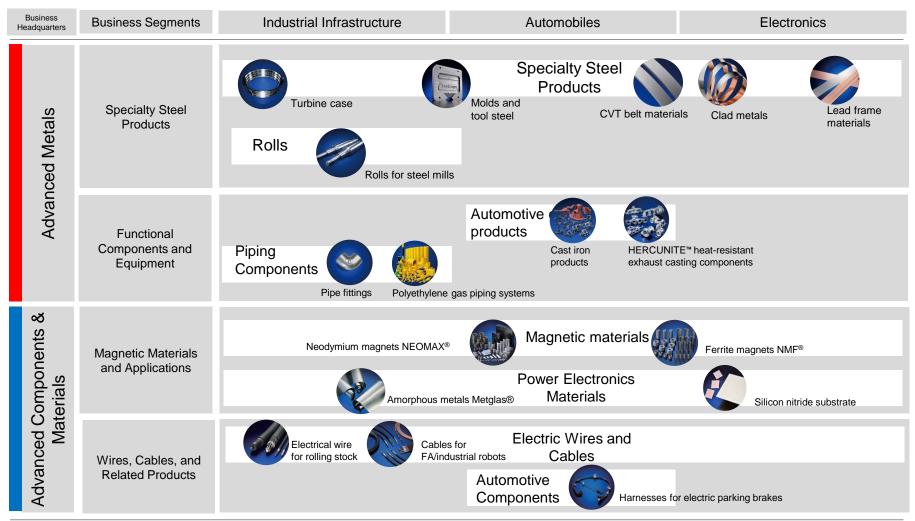
^{*}Figures for automotive electronic components represent the index of revenues (amount excluding the effects of foreign exchange rates) calculated by a simplified method.

(For reference)

Business Operations by Market (From October 2020)



Business Portfolio



(For reference) Business Operations of Hitachi Metals (From October 2020) Materials Magle

■Business Operations

Business Headquarters	Business Segments	Business Categories	Principal Products
als	Specialty Steel Products Functional Components and	Specialty Steel Products	Molds and tool steel, automobile-related materials, razor and blade materials, precision cast components, aircraft- and energy-related materials, display-related materials, semiconductor and other package materials, and battery-related materials
sed Met		Rolls	Various rolls for steel mills, injection molding machine parts, structural ceramic products, and steel-frame joints for construction
vdvano	Functional	Automotive casting products	HNM™ ductile cast iron products, cast iron products for transportation equipment, HERCUNITE™ heat-resistant exhaust casting components, and aluminum components
4		Piping Components	Piping and infrastructure components (™Gourd brand pipe fittings, various valves, stainless steel and plastic piping components, water cooling equipment, precision mass flow control devices, and sealed expansion tanks)
nents	Magnetic Materials	Magnetic materials	NEOMAX® rare-earth magnets, ferrite magnets, other various magnets and their applied products
ed Components Materials		Power Electronics Materials	Soft magnetic materials (Metglas® amorphous metals, FINEMET® nanocrystalline magnetic materials, soft ferrite) and its applied products, and ceramic components
Advanced C & Mai	(0	Electric Wires and Cables	Industrial cables, electronic wires, electrical equipment materials, and cable assemblies
Adva	Related Products	Automotive Components	Automotive electronic components and brake hoses

The Group's business results are disclosed by business segment.

Information on Risks Inherent in Future Projections



This document contains forward looking statements, such as results forecasts, management plans and dividend forecasts, that are not historical facts. All such forward looking statements are based upon all available information and upon assumptions and projections that were deemed reasonable at the time the Company prepared this document. Changes to the underlying assumptions or circumstances could cause the actual results to differ substantially.

The factors causing such differences include, but are not limited to, the following:

Risks associated with product demand and market conditions

Risks associated with competitiveness and development and commercialization of new technologies and products

Risks associated with raw materials procurement

Risks associated with changes in foreign exchange rates

Risks associated with the global expansion of businesses

Risks associated with impairment losses on fixed assets including property, plant and equipment and goodwill

Risks associated with product quality

Risks associated with M&A

Risks associated with financing activities

Risks associated with relationship with the parent company

Risks associated with information security

Risks associated with environmental regulations

Risks associated with business reorganization

Risks associated with intellectual property rights

Risks associated with securing talent

Risks associated with laws and regulations, and official regulations

Risks associated with earthquakes and other natural disasters

Risks associated with retirement benefit obligations